

Original operating instructions

CMS 708i Contour measurement system



The Sensor People

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1 About this document

These operating instructions contain information about the intended use of the CMS 700i contour measurement system. It is included in the delivery contents.

Used symbols and signal words

Tab. 1.1:	Warning	symbols	and	signal	words
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	Symbol indicating dangers to persons
	Symbol indicating possible property damage
NOTE	Signal word for property damage
	Indicates dangers that may result in property damage if the measures for dan- ger avoidance are not followed.
CAUTION	Signal word for minor injuries
	Indicates dangers that may result in minor injury if the measures for danger avoidance are not followed.
WARNING	Signal word for serious injury
	Indicates dangers that may result in severe or fatal injury if the measures for danger avoidance are not followed.
DANGER	Signal word for life-threatening danger
	Indicates dangers with which serious or fatal injury is imminent if the measures for danger avoidance are not followed.

Tab. 1.2: Other symbols

1	Symbol for tips Text passages with this symbol provide you with further information.
₹\$	Symbol for action steps Text passages with this symbol instruct you to perform actions.
⇔	Symbol for action results Text passages with this symbol describe the result of the preceding action.



2 Safety

The CMS 700i contour measurement system and its components were developed, manufactured and tested in accordance with the applicable safety standards. It corresponds to the state of the art.

2.1 Intended use

The contour measurement system is designed as a measuring and object-detecting, configurable, multisensor unit.

Areas of application

The contour measurement system is designed for the measurement and detection of objects for the following areas of application in handling and warehousing systems, the packaging industry or a comparable environment:

- · Dimensional measurements such as length, width and height
- · Orientation angle of measured material on a transport medium
- Contour measurement

Observe intended use!

The protection of personnel and the device cannot be guaranteed if the device is operated in a manner not complying with its intended use.

- ✤ Leuze electronic GmbH + Co. KG is not liable for damages caused by improper use.
- Read these operating instructions before commissioning the device. Knowledge of the operating instructions is an element of proper use.

NOTICE



Comply with conditions and regulations!

Observe the locally applicable legal regulations and the rules of the employer's liability insurance association.

NOTICE

Provisions regarding the UL scope of application

When using the switch cabinet of the CMS 700i contour measurement system within the UL scope of application, only the labels on the inside that are marked with a corresponding UL symbol apply.

When using the switch cabinet of the CMS 700i contour measurement system outside of the UL scope of application, only the label on the outside applies.

The power supply cable installed standard is approved for use within the UL scope of application. If necessary, it can also be used outside of the UL scope of application.

Outside of the UL scope of application, the switch cabinet should be connected to the power supply according to the applicable local legal regulations and provisions. This may involve removing the power supply cable installed standard.

NOTICE

The evaluation unit of the contour measurement system may only be opened for the following purposes:

- for plugging in or unplugging the software dongle, see chapter 7.1 "Plugging in the software dongle".

- for viewing the inside label within the UL scope of application.
- for connecting to the power supply outside of the UL scope of application.



2.2 Foreseeable misuse

NOTICE
Do not modify or otherwise interfere with the device!
✤ Do not carry out modifications or otherwise interfere with the device. The device must not be tampered with and must not be changed in any way.
rightarrow There are no user-serviceable parts inside the device.
✤ Repairs must only be performed by Leuze electronic GmbH + Co. KG.

NOTICE

The evaluation unit of the contour measurement system may only be opened for the following purposes:

- for plugging in or unplugging the software dongle, see chapter 7.1 "Plugging in the software dongle".

- for viewing the inside label within the UL scope of application.
- for connecting to the power supply outside of the UL scope of application.

Any use other than that defined under "Intended use" or which goes beyond that use is considered improper use.

In particular, use of the device is not permitted in the following cases:

- · in rooms with explosive atmospheres
- · in circuits which are relevant to safety
- for medical purposes

2.3 Competent persons

Connecting, mounting, commissioning and adjustment of the contour measurement system must only be carried out by competent persons.

Requirements relating to competent persons:

- They have a suitable technical education.
- They are familiar with the rules and regulations for occupational safety and safety at work.
- They are familiar with the operating instructions of the contour measurement system and the components.
- They have been instructed by the responsible person on the mounting and operation of the contour measurement system and of the components.



Electrical work!

Electrical work must be carried out by a certified electrician.

Certified electricians

Electrical work must be carried out by a certified electrician.

Due to their technical training, knowledge and experience as well as their familiarity with relevant standards and regulations, certified electricians are able to perform work on electrical systems and independently detect possible dangers.

In Germany, certified electricians must fulfill the requirements of accident-prevention regulations DGUV (German Social Accident Insurance) provision 3 (e.g. electrician foreman). In other countries, there are respective regulations that must be observed.

Safety

2.4 Disclaimer

Leuze electronic GmbH + Co. KG is not liable in the following cases:

- The device is not being used properly.
- Reasonably foreseeable misuse is not taken into account.
- Mounting and electrical connection are not properly performed.
- Changes (e.g., constructional) are made to the device.



3 Device description

3.1 Device overview

The CMS 708i contour measurement system is an overall system that consists of the following components:

- 3 CML 730 measuring light curtains (height, width and length measurement)
- 1 evaluation unit (switch cabinet, LSC-Box)



- 1 Measurement object
- 2 Evaluation unit
- 3 Light curtain Length measurement
- 4 Light curtain Height measurement
- 5 Light curtain Width measurement

Fig. 3.1: Contour measurement system with 3 light curtains



The evaluation unit performs the capture, processing and preparation of the data.

The system makes the process data available via the Ethernet TCP/IP interface.

Peripheral devices such as scales, bar code readers and cameras can be integrated. The evaluation unit passes through the data of the peripheral devices unprocessed as part of its TCP/IP protocol.



- 1 Evaluation unit (switch cabinet, LSC-Box)
- 2 Light curtain Height measurement
- 3 Light curtain Width measurement
- 4 Light curtain Length measurement
- A Voltage supply
- B Ethernet TCP/IP (CMS 708i)
- C Fieldbus OUT (CMS 748i, PROFINET)
- D Fieldbus IN (CMS 748i, PROFINET)

Fig. 3.2: Device overview

3.2 Evaluation unit

3.2.1 Connections



- 1 Voltage supply
- 2 Grounding bolts
- 3 M12 Ethernet connection
- 4 3x interfaces for CML 730 light curtains (CML1 ... CML3) 1x interface for rotary encoder (ENCODER)
- 5 2x M12 sockets, each with 2 switching inputs (DI 1, DI 2) 2x M12 sockets, each with 2 switching outputs (DO 1, DO 2)
- 6 PROFINET fieldbus interface (FB In, FB Out)

Fig. 3.3: Connections of the evaluation unit

3.2.2 Indicators and operational controls



- 1 LED 1 (white)
- 2 LED 2 (green)
- 3 LED 3 (yellow)
- 4 Door lock
- 5 Main switch

Fig. 3.4: Display and operating elements on the evaluation unit

Tab. 3.1: LED indicators

Display	Color	State	Description
LED 1	White	ON	Power supply
LED 2	Green	ON	System ready
LED 3	Yellow	ON	Fault at the peripheral elements (light curtains, rotary encoder)



4 Functions

4.1 Operating principle

The contour measurement system captures the following data of an arbitrarily shaped measurement object:

- · Length, width, height of the smallest enclosing cuboid
- · Orientation angle to the transport direction
- · Smallest vertical distance between object and conveyor belt of the conveyor

Measurements

- · All measurement objects are measured continuously.
- Start of measurement: Interruption of the first beam of the length light curtain or triggering of an optional upstream trigger.
- End of measurement: All beams of the width and height light curtains are free again.
- After the measurement, the evaluation unit automatically forwards the calculated object data to a host via the communication interface.

Data of other peripheral devices such as scales and bar code readers can also be transferred in the interface protocol.

After the data have been output, the next object can be detected.

NOTICE

Important for reliable measurements!

- ♦ While the measurement is running, do not also interrupt the beams of the light curtains through manual interventions or other actions. This falsifies the measurement values.
- Observe the minimum object distance (see chapter 4.5 "Minimum distance between two measurement objects") and the maximum conveyor speed (see chapter 4.6 "Maximum conveyor speed").

Functions



Tab. 4.1: Example sequence of a measurement



4.2 System resolution

The resolution is determined from the beam spacing of the measuring light curtains. The contour measurement system is delivered in two standard resolutions.

Tab. 4.2: Standard resolutions

System resolution/beam spacing	Measurement range for height, width, length			
5 mm	≤ 1200 mm			
10 mm	> 1200 mm			

Once the contour measurement system contains at least one light curtain with a measurement field length > 1200 mm, the overall system is delivered with a system resolution of 10 mm.

	NOTICE
6	Please note that the system resolution influences the following features:
	- the minimum distance between two measurement objects (see chapter 4.5 "Minimum distance between two measurement objects")
	- the maximum conveyor speed (see chapter 4.6 "Maximum conveyor speed")
	- the infeed spacing of the length light curtain to the beam plane of height and width light cur- tains (see chapter 5.1 "Installation with three light curtains")



4.3 Object angle of rotation, object length and object width

Object angle of rotation

The object angle of rotation determined by the contour measurement system is the angle between the lengthwise edge of the measurement object and the vector of the conveying direction.

- The object angle of rotation can take values between -45° and +45°.
- If the magnitude of the object angle of rotation is > 45°, the length and width assignments are exchanged and the smaller angle is output with inverted sign.

Object length

The object length or length is – in the top view – defined as the side of the measurement object that has an angle with a magnitude of less than 45° to the conveying direction (= lengthwise direction).

Object width

The object width is – in the top view – defined as the side of the measurement object that is adjacent to the object length.



- 1 Measurement object
- 2 Conveying direction
- 3 Distance between measurement object and edge of conveyor
- Fig. 4.1: Relationship between magnitude of the object angle of rotation and assignment of object length and object width

Tab. 4.3: Object angle of rotation and assignment of object length and object width

Output of object angle of rotation	-20°	+30° (instead of -60°)	
Object length	A	В	
Object width	В	A	

4.4 **Projections and deformations on the measurement object**

This chapter describes the operating principle of the suppression of projections and the detection of deformations on the measurement object.

The settings for these functions are made in the webConfig tool (see chapter 8 "System configuration via webConfig tool").

4.4.1 Function

The evaluation of measurement objects for projections and deformations occurs in two steps.

Projection detection

In the first step, projections in length, width and height are determined from the raw data of the measurement object according a defined threshold value and then suppressed (see chapter 4.4.2 "Projection suppression"). Projections on the measurement object that do not impede the further handling can, thus, no longer influence the object measurement.



Deformation detection

In the second step, the contour measurement system uses the raw data of the measurement object that has been reduced by the amount of the protrusions to determine the cuboid corners of the measurement object and then determine deformations between the cuboid corners. The determination of the deformations is referred to as deformation detection (see chapter 4.4.3 "Deformation detection").

Deformation detection can only be selected in combination with projection detection.

Example

A measurement object with projection and deformation is present.

- Projection ΔX has width ΔA .
- The deformation has a maximum value of X_{net} X_{min}



	- ,
ΔX	Height of the projection
X _{min}	Dimension of the measurement object without projection and deformation
X _{net}	Dimension of the measurement object without projection

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	Example or	ieci wiin i	projection	and	leiormailon
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The following cases can occur

Deformation de- tection Switched off		Switched on		
Projection threshold value	∆A > threshold value	∆A ≤ threshold value	∆A > threshold value	∆A ≤ threshold value
Evaluation of pro- jection	∆X counts towards the object	ΔX is projection and does not count to-wards the object	∆X counts towards the object	ΔX is projection and does not count to-wards the object
Output of ACTUAL object dimension	Х	Х	Х	X _{net}
Output of SPECI- FIED object dimen- sion	x	X _{net}	x	X _{min}
Deformation output (Deformations present)	None	None	None	Arrow indicating di- rection of deforma- tion with output $X_{net} - X_{min}$ in mm
Error message	None	None	"Deformation detec- tion not possible"	None
Status	ОК	ОК	NOK	ОК



Projections and deformations on the measurement object can occur in the length, width and height directions.

The illustration of a measurement object on a conveyor shows the orientation of the directional information.

- The red bars represent the light curtains.
- The gray arrows indicate the conveying direction.



- 4 Width
- 4 vviatn
- 5 Height

Fig. 4.3: Depiction of the directional information

	NOTICE
6	The orientation of the directional information and the descriptions of projection suppression and deformation detection are each depicted using an example of a contour measurement system with three light curtains.
	Projection suppression and deformation detection occur in the same way for contour measure- ment systems with rotary encoder for the length measurement.



4.4.2 Projection suppression

Projections can occur in the length, width and height directions.

	NOTICE
6	The descriptions of the projection suppression are depicted using the example of a contour measurement system with three light curtains.
	Projection suppression occurs in the same way for contour measurement systems with rotary encoder for the length measurement.

Projection suppression, length

If the width of the projection ΔA is less than the entered threshold value, the projection is suppressed and not taken into account in the length measurement.



- 1 Measurement object
- 2 Conveying direction
- 3 Projection
- 4 Length
- ΔA Width of the projection



Projection suppression, width

If the width of the projection ΔA is less than the entered threshold value, the projection is suppressed and not taken into account in the width measurement.





Projection suppression, height

If the width of the projection ΔA is less than the entered threshold value, the projection is suppressed and not taken into account in the height measurement.



- 1 Measurement object
- 2 Conveying direction
- 3 Projection
- 4 Height
- ΔA Width of the projection
- Fig. 4.6: Object projection in height (schematic)

4.4.3 Deformation detection

The contour measurement system sees bulges that protrude from the projected view of the measurement object as deformations.



- X_{min} Dimension of the measurement object without deformation
- X_{net} Dimension of the measurement object with deformation
- Fig. 4.7: Top view of a measurement object with lateral deformation



Limits of deformation detection

Deformations that protrude into the measurement object and are shadowed by edges cannot be detected by the contour measurement system. In the case depicted here X_{net} would be < X_{min} .



 X_{min} Dimension of the measurement object without deformation

X_{net} Dimension of the measurement object with inward protruding deformation

Fig. 4.8: Measurement object with inward protruding deformation

If the smallest enclosing perimeter of the measurement object (red) is much smaller than the object perimeter (blue), then a deformation cannot be distinguished from the remaining object structure.

In this case, the contour measurement system outputs the status *NOK* after the measurement as well as the length, width and height of the smallest enclosing cuboid – including all projections of the measurement object.



Fig. 4.9: Example object: The smallest enclosing perimeter (red) is less than the object perimeter (blue).

4.5 Minimum distance between two measurement objects

The minimum distance is dependent on the system resolution (= beam spacing of the light curtains). Formula for calculating the minimum distance D_{min} between two measurement objects:

 D_{min} = 12 x [system resolution: 5 mm or 10 mm] + [cycle time: 50 ms] x [conveyor speed v in m/s] Calculation example with conveyor speed v = 0.8 m/s and system resolution 5 mm:

D_{min} = 12 x 5 mm + 50 ms x 0.8 m/s = 100 mm

4.6 Maximum conveyor speed

NOTICE



Observe the maximum conveyor speed!

If the maximum conveyor speed is exceeded, the contour measurement system may not output reliable measurement results under certain circumstances.

The maximum conveyor speed is dependent on:

- the system resolution (5 mm or 10 mm) and
- the added measurement length of the width and height light curtains.

Determination of the maximum conveyor speed:

Spectrum by bettermine the system resolution. If all light curtains have a measurement field length ≤ 1200 mm, the system resolution is 5 mm.

If at least one light curtain has a measurement field length > 1200 mm, the system resolution is 10 mm.

- b Read the measurement field lengths on the name plates of the height and width light curtains.
- ♦ Add the two values together.
- Read the conveyor speed of the added values in the following diagrams.



1 Total measurement length of width and height light curtains [mm]

2 Maximum conveyor speed [m/s]

Fig. 4.10: Diagram of maximum conveyor speed for system resolution of 5 mm



1 Total measurement length of width and height light curtains [mm]

2 Maximum conveyor speed [m/s]





5 Mounting

	NOTICE
1	The figures apply across all interfaces for all connection types. You can find specific connection diagrams in the chapter on interfaces (see chapter 9 "TCP/IP interface description").
	NOTICE
0	Alignment of the light curtains!
	The exact alignment of the light curtains for length, width and height measurement relative to one another directly affects the quality of the measurement results.
	NOTICE
0	Falsified measurement results due to vibrations!
	Strong vibrations may falsify the measurement result.
	Mount the contour measurement system on a frame that is largely free of vibration.

5.1 Installation with three light curtains

5.1.1 Mounting instructions

The following mounting regulations are to be observed:

- The light curtains for the height measurement and for the width measurement must be installed on the same plane.
- There must be no interfering contours present between transmitter and receiver of the light curtains except in the edge areas.
- The light curtains for length measurement, height measurement and width measurement must each be at right angles to one another.
- The light curtain for the length measurement must be oriented parallel to the conveying direction.
- The first beam of the light curtain for the length measurement must be located before the plane of the height and width measurement.





- 1 Measurement object
- 2 Conveying direction
- 3 Length measurement
- 4 Width measurement
- 5 Height measurement
- 6 Infeed spacing

Fig. 5.1: Schematic system design with three light curtains

✤ Mount the transmitters and receivers of the light curtains on the system (see chapter 5.2 "Mounting the light curtain").



5.1.2 Positioning for height measurement

- 以 Align the transmitter and receiver of the height light curtain parallel to one another.
- Align the established plane of the height and width light curtains vertically relative to the transport direction of the measurement objects.
- A deviating alignment significantly reduces the performance reserve of the contour measurement system.

NOTICE

Must be observed!

✤ The largest occurring object height must not protrude beyond the top beam of the height light curtain.

NOTICE

If the lowest beam of the height light curtain is above the lower edge of the measurement object, the correct offset of the height light curtain in the measuring scenario must be measured and entered in the webConfig tool (see chapter 8.3.2 "Setting the offset for height detection").



- 1 Object height
- Fig. 5.2: Height measurement: Object height



5.1.3 Positioning for width measurement

Solution with the light curtain for the width measurement exactly in the middle between two rollers of the conveyor as well as parallel to these rollers.



For the highest function reserve of the contour measurement system, even if there are very small gaps between the conveyor rollers, the transmitter must be mounted exactly in the middle between two rollers as well as parallel to these rollers!

- Set the smallest gap between the conveyor rollers to ≥10 mm so that the width light curtain can shine between them.
- 以 Mount the width light curtain so that the entire width of the conveyor is detected by the light curtain.



- 1 Measurement object
- 2 Conveying direction
- 3 Length measurement
- 4 Width measurement
- 5 Height measurement
- 6 Conveyor rollers
- 7 Object width





5.1.4 Positioning for length measurement

- 以 Align the transmitter and receiver of the length light curtain with one another along a focal line.
- Align the length light curtain so that the plane established by the beams of the light curtain runs transversely to the conveying direction.
- ⇔ Avoid tilting between the transmitter and receiver of the light curtain.



- 2 Conveying direction (points into the page)
- 3 Light curtain, length measurement
- 4 Plane of the length light curtain
- 5 Conveyor
- 6 Minimum object height
- 7 Plane/conveyor distance

Fig. 5.4: View of the smallest object height on the length light curtain

5.2 Mounting the light curtain

NOTICE
Avoid reflective surfaces, mutual interference, ambient light!
Avoid reflective surfaces near the light curtains. Objects may otherwise not be precisely detected due to halation.
Ensure sufficient distance, suitable positioning or partitioning. Optical sensors (e.g., light cur- tains, photoelectric sensors, etc.) must not interfere with one another.
Avoid strong ambient light effect on the receiver, caused for example by flash lamps or di- rect sunlight.
NOTICE
Observe the mounting instructions!
For horizontally mounted measuring light curtains with lengths > 2000 mm, use an additional mounting bracket in the middle of the light curtain.
Have a suitable tool at hand and mount the light curtain in accordance with the notices re- garding the mounting locations.
Solution the transmitter and receiver at the same height or with the same housing reference edge, free of tension and with the base in full contact with the mounting surface. The optical surfaces of transmitter and receiver must be parallel to and opposite one an- other.
The transmitter and receiver connections must point in the same direction.
Secure transmitter and receiver against turning or sliding.



- b Mount the transmitter and receiver of the light curtain using one of the following types of fastening:
 - Fastening via sliding blocks on the standard profile (see chapter 5.2.2 "Fastening via sliding blocks")
 - Fastening via mounting clamp (see chapter 5.2.3 "Fastening via BT-2P40 mounting clamp")
- ⇔ Align the transmitter and receiver of the light curtain with one another.



Fig. 5.5: Aligning transmitter and receiver

Mounting

5.2.1 Definition of directions of movement

The following terms for alignment movements of a light curtain around one of its axes are used:



5.2.2 Fastening via sliding blocks

By default, transmitter and receiver are delivered with two sliding blocks (three sliding blocks for measurement field lengths \geq 2000 mm) each in the side groove.

- 以 Fasten transmitter and receiver to the machine or system via the lateral T-groove with M6 screws.
 - ⇒ Sliding in the direction of slot to set the height is possible, but turning, tilting and pitching is not.



Fig. 5.7: Mounting via sliding blocks

5.2.3 Fastening via BT-2P40 mounting clamp

Mounting with the BT-2P40 clamp bracket allows the device to be quickly exchanged. It is not necessary to re-align the light curtain after exchanging a device.

✤ Fasten transmitter and receiver via the lateral T-groove to the mounting clamp.





 ${\ensuremath{\,\textcircled{\tiny \ensuremath{\,\Downarrow}}}}$ Fasten the transmitter and receiver to the system with the clamp bracket.



All dimensions in mm

Fig. 5.8: BT-2P40 mounting clamp

5.2.4 Fastening of the length light curtain using BT-2SB10 mounting clamps



- ${\ensuremath{\,\textcircled{\tiny \ensuremath{\,\Downarrow}}}}$ Fasten the transmitter and receiver to the system with the clamp bracket.
- Ensure that the longitudinal axis of the light curtain and the plane of the conveyor are parallel to one another.





All dimensions in mm

Fig. 5.9: BT-2SB10 mounting clamp



5.3 Air wipe unit

The air wipe unit generates sealing air to protect the top side of the transmitter of the width light curtain against soiling from dry media.

The air wipe unit is available as an accessory in widths 600 mm, 800 mm, 1200 mm and 1600 mm.



- A Front view
- B Lateral view
- 1 Air wipe unit
- 2 Air outlet for air wipe unit
- 3 Top side of transmitter of width light curtain
- 4 Mounting profiles
- 5 Mounting arms
- Fig. 5.10: Mounted air wipe unit

Mounting the air wipe unit

- b Mount the air wipe unit on the bottom side of the mounting profile using the mounting arms.
- ✤ Mount the transmitter of the width light curtain on the mounting profile.
- Solution № Make sure that the transmitter of the width light curtain is mounted centered with respect to the air outlet.

6 Electrical connection

6.1 Connection overview

Connections on the bottom side of the evaluation unit (LSC box)



Fig. 6.1: Evaluation unit – connection overview

Pow	Power supply		
1	Cable outlet for power supply with mains plug, M20 cable bushing		
2	Threaded bolt for grounding		
Ethe only	rnet interface for CMS 708i contour measurement systems		
3	ETH1 – External Ethernet TCP/IP connection		
Conr	nections for light curtains and rotary encoder		
4	CML1 – Light curtain connection for length measurement only for contour measurement systems with three light curtains		
	CML2 – Light curtain connection for width measurement		
	CML3 – Light curtain connection for height measurement		
	ENCODER – Rotary encoder connection only for contour measurement systems with length measurement		
	Note : For length measurement, only one device may be connected – either a light curtain (CML1) or a rotary encoder (ENCODER).		
Swite	ching inputs, switching outputs		
5	DI 1 – Switching input with two switching pins, 24 VDC, GND		
	DI 2 – Switching input with two switching pins, 24 VDC, GND		
	DO 1 – Switching output with two switching pins, 24 VDC, GND		
	DO 2 – Switching output with two switching pins, 24 VDC, GND, connection for air wipe unit		
PRO only	FINET interface for CMS 748i contour measurement systems		
6	FB In – Bus In PROFINET		
	FB Out – Bus Out PROFINET		



6.2 Connecting the power supply within the UL scope of application

	A DANGER
	Risk of death by electric shock!
<u>/</u> ⁴	Dangerous currents could occur at the outputs depending on the external wiring!
,)	During all work, make certain that the power supply connection is disconnected and that it cannot be restored accidentally.
	♦ Only have the electrical installation performed by specialists.
	Only the factory-installed power supply cable with mains plug may be used for power supply.
	Within the UL scope of application, only use in class 2 circuits acc. to NEC (National Electric Code) is permissible.
	▲ CAUTION
	Connection data for UL applications on UL label
<u>/!\</u>	Within the UL scope of application, only the connection data on the UL label located inside of the evaluation unit is valid.
	Open the evaluation unit to view the label. When doing this, observe the danger notices in this chapter.
	▲ CAUTION
	Make no changes to the switch cabinet components!
<u>/!\</u>	Leuze is responsible for the proper interaction of the modules.
()	♥ Make no changes to the components in the switch cabinet.
	In the event of malfunctions, contact the Leuze service center (see chapter 11 "Service and support").
	NOTICE
0	♦ Observe the respective local safety and installation regulations.

Use the mains plug to connect the switch cabinet to a suitable power supply.

6.3 Connecting the power supply outside of the UL scope of application

	A DANGER
	Risk of death by electric shock!
/1	Dangerous currents could occur at the outputs depending on the external wiring!
	During all work, make certain that the power supply connection is disconnected and that it cannot be restored accidentally.
	♦ Only have the electrical installation performed by specialists.
	▲ CAUTION
	Observe the connection data located on the outside of the switch cabinet!
	For applications outside of the UL scope of application, only the connection data printed on the label located on the outside of the switch cabinet is valid.

Leuze

Make no changes to the switch cabinet components!
Leuze is responsible for the proper interaction of the modules.
Make no changes to the components in the switch cabinet.
In the event of malfunctions, contact the Leuze service center (see chapter 11 "Service and support").

NOTICE

Observe the respective local safety and installation regulations.

✤ If the main cable that is installed standard is to be used, use the mains plug to connect the switch cabinet to a suitable power supply.



Fig. 6.2: Mains connection

If the mains cable that is installed standard is not to be used, another cable can be mounted.

Cable (number of wires x conductor cross section)	Minimum 3 x 1.5 mm ²
	Maximum 3 x 2.5 mm ²



6.4 Connecting light curtains

♥ For each light curtain, connect connection X3 on the transmitter to connection X2 on the receiver.



- 2 Transmitter
- 3 Connection cable for evaluation unit KDS S-M12-8A-M12-8A-P1-050 Part No. 50135146
- 4 Transmitter receiver synchronization cable KB DN/CAN-5000 SBA Part No. 50114698
- Fig. 6.3: Transmitter receiver connection



- Connect connection X1 of the receiver to the bottom side of the evaluation unit according to the function of the light curtain:
 - Light curtain for length measurement: CML1
 - Light curtain for width measurement: CML2
 - Light curtain for height measurement: CML3







6.5 Connecting the air wipe unit

Connect the optional air wipe unit to switching output DO 2 on the bottom side of the evaluation unit using the M12 connector.



Fig. 6.5: Connection for air wipe unit

	NOTICE
6	Operation may only occur on the switch cabinet with a powerful power supply unit.
	Ex works, the air wipe unit starts when the switch cabinet is switched on.
	Switching on and off is performed via the bus commands, see chapter 9 "TCP/IP interface de- scription".
	The boot time is approx. 15 seconds.
	NOTICE
	Operation may only occur on the switch cabinet with a powerful power supply unit.
Û	Ex works, the air wipe unit starts when the switch cabinet is switched on.
	Switching on and off is performed via the bus commands, PROFINET interface description.
	The boot time is approx. 15 seconds.



6.6 Connecting Ethernet

Connect the Ethernet TCP/IP connection to the primary system at connection ETH1 on the bottom side of the evaluation unit.





6.7 EMC-compliant installation



Fig. 6.7: Contour measurement system – grounding diagram

6.7.1 Grounding the evaluation unit

Ground the evaluation unit with a grounding cable with conductor cross section > 6 mm². A grounding bolt is installed on the bottom side of the evaluation unit.



Fig. 6.8: Evaluation unit – grounding bolt

6.7.2 Grounding the light curtain housing





The transmitter housing and receiver housing of the light curtains must be connected to the protective conductor on the FE machine star point via the FE screw on the grounding slot nut. The grounding cable should be as short as possible and have a cross section $\ge 6 \text{ mm}^2$.



Fig. 6.9: Connecting the ground potential to the light curtain housing

- Check the set screw that secures the grounding slot nut on the device housing for secure seating. This set screw is correctly tightened upon delivery from the factory.
- Place a lock washer under the copper screw and check the penetration of the anodized layer on the device housing.



Shielding and line lengths 6.7.3

	NOTICE
	 General information on the shield! ^t Avoid interference emissions when using power components. The necessary specifications under which the power component satisfies its CE Declaration of Conformity can be found in the technical description of the power component. In practice, the following measures have proven effective: ⇒ Properly ground the total system. ⇒ Screw mains filter, frequency inverter, etc., flat to a galvanized mounting plate (thickness 3 mm) in the switch cabinet. ⇒ Keep cable between mains filter and inverter as short as possible and twist cables. ⇒ Shield both ends of the motor cable. Carefully ground all parts of the machine and of the switch cabinets using copper strips, ground rails or grounding cables with large cross section. Keep the length of the shieldless end of the cable as short as possible. Guide the shielding untwisted to a terminal (no "RF braid").
	NOTICE
	 Disconnect power and control cables! ♦ Lay the cables of the power components as far as possible from the cables of the contour measurement system (distance > 30 cm). ♦ Avoid laying cables of the power components and cables of the contour measurement system parallel to one another. ♦ Cable crossings should be laid as perpendicular as possible.
0	NOTICE Lay cables close to grounded metal surfaces! Sector
	NOTICE Avoid leakage currents in the cable shield!
	NOTICE Use star-shaped cable connections!



7 Starting up the device

7.1 Plugging in the software dongle

Prior to the initial commissioning, the software dongle must be plugged into the evaluation unit. The software dongle is supplied as a USB flash drive.

NOTICE



The contour measurement system does not function without the software dongle plugged in. If the evaluation unit is exchanged, the software dongle must be unplugged from the old evaluation unit and plugged into the new evaluation unit.





Fig. 7.1: Plugging in the software dongle

- ♦ Open the evaluation unit with the supplied key.
- ♥ Plug the software dongle into the USB connection in the evaluation unit.
- Close the evaluation unit.

7.2 Switching on and off

NOTICE
$\stackrel{_{\scriptstyle \bigtriangledown}}{_{\scriptstyle \bigtriangledown}}$ Check the wiring before switching on for the first time.
♦ Only switch the device on and off via the main switch, see chapter 3.2.2 "Indicators and operational controls".
Observe the wait time of 30 s after switching off before switching on again.



7.3 Setting up the system coordinate origin

For the contour measurement system to correctly output measurement values, projections and deformations, the coordinate origin of the contour measurement system must be set up once before starting the measurements.

- b Determine and note the installation scenario of your system using the figure:
 - The respective positions of the connection units of the light curtains (blue boxes, right/left or top/ bottom).

NOTICE

Note the conveying direction!

✤ Note the specified conveying direction.



	2
1	
	3
00000	0000000

- 1 Measurement object
- 2 Conveying direction
- 3 Light curtain, length measurement (length CML)
- 4 Light curtain, width measurement (width CML)
- 5 Light curtain, height measurement (height CML)
- Fig. 7.2: Setting up the system coordinate origin

- Evaluate the determined installation scenario. Note the webConfig tool setting for your installation scenario.
 - To set the coordinate origin in the webConfig tool, it may be necessary to invert the counting direction of the light beams for one or more light curtains depending on the installation scenario.

Installation scenario	Width CML	Height CML	Length CML	webConfig tool adjustment
1	Left	Down	Left	
2	Left	Down	Right	Reverse counting direction:
				Length CML
3	Left	Тор	Left	Reverse counting direction:
				Height CML
4	Left	Тор	Right	Reverse counting direction:
				Length CML
				Height CML
5	Right	Down	Left	Reverse counting direction:
				Width CML
6	Right	Down	Right	Reverse counting direction:
				Length CML
				Width CML
7	Right	Тор	Left	Reverse counting direction:
				Width CML
				Height CML
8	Right	Тор	Right	Reverse counting direction:
				Length CML
				Width CML
				Height CML

Enter the values for setting the coordinate origin of your system in the webConfig tool (see chapter 8.3.1 "Setting the system coordinate origin").

7.4 Setting up light curtains

NOTICE Ensure the correct installation and alignment! Make sure that the light curtains are correctly installed and aligned (see chapter 5 "Mounting"). Make sure that the light curtains are correctly connected to the evaluation unit (see chapter 6.4 "Connecting light curtains"). NOTICE

1	Important for transparent objects!
	♦ When measuring transparent objects, such as beverage six packs, use the webConfig tool to adjust the <i>sensitivity</i> parameter (see chapter 8.3.5 "Adjust and teach in sensitivity").



NOTICE

1

The *sensitivity* parameter of the light curtain is the reciprocal of the *function reserve* parameter. You can find the technical explanation in the operating instructions of the light curtain in chapter *Setting the function reserve*.

- ♦ Switch on the evaluation unit to establish the voltage supply of the light curtains.
- Configure the light curtains via the corresponding receiver control panel. The settings that are made take effect without restarting.

7.4.1 Setting up the width and height light curtains

Settings for the light curtains for width and height measurement:

- Process data length (PD length): 32 bytes
- Bit rate: COM3: 230.4
- Data storage: Deactivated

Level 0	Level 1	Level 2	Description		
Settings					
	Commands				
	Operation set- tings				
	IO-Link	Bit rate	COM3: 230.4	COM2: 38.4	
		PD Length	2 bytes	8 bytes	32 bytes
		Data memory	Deactivated	Activated	

7.4.2 Setting up the length light curtain

Settings for the light curtain for length measurement:

- Process data length (PD length): 8 bytes
- Bit rate: COM3: 230.4
- Data storage: Deactivated

Level 0	Level 1	Level 2	Description		
Settings					
	Commands				
	Operation set- tings				
	IO-Link	Bit rate	COM3: 230.4	COM2: 38.4	
		PD Length	2 bytes	8 bytes	32 bytes
		Data memory	Deactivated	Activated	

7.5 Determining the height offset

For the contour measurement system to output the correct height of a measurement object, the mechanical distance between the conveyor plane and the first beam of the light curtain for determining the height measurement must be entered via the webConfig tool.

	NOTICE
1	The offset is relative to the mounting position of the light curtain. Depending on the distance to the conveyor, the offset may be different in every system.
	NOTICE
6	The measurement resolution is determined by the light curtain and is 5 mm.

The first beam of the light curtain for height measurement should always be aligned with the conveyor.



- 1 Measurement object
- 2 Object height
- 3 First beam of the height light curtain
- 4 Last beam of the height light curtain
- Fig. 7.3: Height offset = 0 mm

Offset when mounting the height light curtain above the conveyor



- Measurement object 1
- 2 Height offset
- 3 First beam of the height light curtain
- 4 Last beam of the height light curtain

Fig. 7.4: Height offset

b Measure the mechanical distance between the conveyor plane and the first beam of the height light curtain in [mm]. Note the distance value.

⇔ Enter the distance value in the webConfig tool (see chapter 8.3.2 "Setting the offset for height detection").

NOTICE
Alternative determination of the height offset
Reference measurement on a measurement object with known height
\clubsuit Move the measurement object through the contour measurement system.
Determine the difference between the displayed object height and the known height of the measurement object.
Enter the thereby determined height offset (numerical value in [mm]) in the webConfig tool (see chapter 8.3.2 "Setting the offset for height detection").

7.6 Determining the width offset

If the contour measurement system is to output the smallest distance between measurement object and the conveyor edge, the mechanical distance between the conveyor edge and the first beam of the light curtain for width measurement (width offset) must be entered via the webConfig tool.



- Correctly align the transmitter and receiver of the light curtain for width measurement (see chapter 5.1.3 "Positioning for width measurement").
- betermine on which side of the width light curtain beam 1 is located.
- Measure the shortest distance between beam 1 and the edge of the conveyor in [mm]. Note the value.



- 1 Measurement object
- 2 Conveying direction
- 3 Light curtain width measurement
- 4 Width offset
- A Distance between beam 1 and measurement object

Fig. 7.5: Width offset

Enter the value determined for the width offset with negative sign in the webConfig tool (see chapter 8.3.3 "Setting the offset for distance measurement").



8 System configuration via webConfig tool

With the webConfig tool, an operating-system independent, web-technology based, graphical user interface is available for configuring the contour measurement system.

- The webConfig tool can be run on any Internet-ready PC.
- The webConfig tool uses HTTP as communication protocol and the client-side restriction to standard technologies (HTML, JavaScript and AJAX) that are supported by modern browsers.
- The user interface of the webConfig tool is largely self-explanatory through the displayed help texts.

NOTICE

The webConfig tool is offered in the following languages:

German, English, French, Italian, Spanish



NOTICE

The figures in this chapter show configuration examples and do not necessary correspond to the interface profile and the light curtain configuration of your contour measurement system.

8.1 Start webConfig tool

Connect the PC and evaluation unit via the ETH1 connection using a suitable accessory cable (see chapter 13 "Order guide and accessories").



Fig. 8.1: ETH1 connection

Set the network adapter of the PC to an IP address in the range **192.168.60.XXX**, e.g., **192.168.60.100**.

IP address of the evaluation unit		NOTICE
The preset if address of the evaluation dhit is 192.100.00.101.	1	IP address of the evaluation unit The preset IP address of the evaluation unit is 192.168.60.101 .

Start the Internet browser on your PC and enter the IP address of the evaluation unit: **192.168.60.101**.

 \Rightarrow The start page of the webConfig tool is displayed on the PC.

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8.2 Display of the process data





8.3 Configuration of the light curtains



berform the configuration for all light curtains of the contour measurement system.

8.3.1 Setting the system coordinate origin

NOTICE

Note the installation scenario

To set the coordinate origin in the webConfig tool, it may be necessary to invert the counting direction of the light beams for one or more light curtains depending on the installation scenario.

- Determine your installation scenario and the required webConfig settings (see chapter 7.3 "Setting up the system coordinate origin").
- Activate the respective light curtain or light curtains; activate the *Reverse counting direction* checkbox if necessary.



Fig. 8.3: Light curtain: Reverse counting direction of the light beams



8.3.2 Setting the offset for height detection

For the contour measurement system to output the correct height of a measurement object, the mechanical distance between the conveyor plane and the first beam of the light curtain for determining the height measurement must be entered via the webConfig tool.



- ♥ Determine the height offset for your system (see chapter 7.5 "Determining the height offset").
- ⇔ Enter the determined height offset value in [mm] in the *Offset* input field.

CMS 748i webConfig		Leuze	ms		Leuze electronic the sensor people
	C' PROCESS		🗞 diagnosis 🛛 💥 mai	NTENANCE	
PROCESS	SERVICE 🛛	🔊 🕩 🧿 💾 🛁			EN • 0 • 0
NAVIGATION Length Wildth Height Bianking Sensor sensitivity	GENERAL SENSOR SETTINGS GENERAL SENSOR SETTINGS Sensor type Serial number Blanking allowed Reverse counting direction	DETECTION EVALUATION CML730i-05-0320 1234 5678 007	очтрит сомминісатіон	DEVICE	ESCRIPTION Configure general sensor parameters
	Unset	0 ₁₇₁ mm			
Q / .	🌔 [Planning engineer]		но	୦ST IN ସହ HOST OUT ସହ © 2016	Leuze electronic GmbH & Co. KG

Fig. 8.4: Configuring the height light curtain – height offset

	NOTICE
	Measurement object height less than the minimum height!
U	Measurement value output if the height of the measurement object is less than the minimum height that can be detected by the light curtain:
	\clubsuit The contour measurement system does not output a reliable height measurement value.
	Solution The contour measurement system does not output a measurement value if no beams of the light curtain for length measurement were interrupted.

8.3.3 Setting the offset for distance measurement

If the contour measurement system is to output the smallest distance between measurement object and the conveyor edge, the mechanical distance between the conveyor edge and the first beam of the light curtain for width measurement (width offset) must be entered via the webConfig tool.



Determine the width offset for your system (see chapter 7.6 "Determining the width offset"). Enter the determined width offset value in [mm] with negative sign in the *Offset* input field.

CMS 748i webConfig		Leuze CMS				
	CA PROCESS		🗞 diagnosis 🕺 🕺	IAINTENANCE		
PROCESS	SERVICE	DEFECTION EVALUATION CML730i-05-0640 1234 5678 007	OUTPUT COMMUNICATION	DEVICE	EN + U + O	
5 / P	ianning engineer]			HOSTINI≪p HOSTOUT≪p @2814	S Leuze electronic GmbH & Co. KG	

Fig. 8.5: Configuring the width light curtain – width offset



8.3.4 Blanking areas

If obstacles constantly interrupt the edge beams of the width or height light curtain, you can blank the corresponding areas.

NOTICE
Incorrect measurements caused by blanked areas located in the middle of the measure- ment range of the light curtain!
A blanked area located in the middle of the measurement range of the light curtain is not per- missible.
\red{black} Blanked areas must always contain the first or last beam of the light curtain.

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Fig. 8.6: Blanking areas

8.3.5 Adjust and teach in sensitivity





Fig. 8.7: Adjust sensitivity

8.4 Configuration of the evaluation

Functional principle of the evaluation: see chapter 4.1 "Operating principle"



Fig. 8.8: Configuration of the evaluation

8.5 Configuration of the output log

webConfig		Leuze electronic the sensor people			
	CA PROCESS				
PROCESS	SERVICE SERVICE SERVICE SECONDATIONS CONTRACTORS FORMATTING ETHEMENT Activate output via Ethement To Separator character Activate output via Ethement To Separator character Contractions overview Contractions Co	DETECTION EVALUATION DETECTION EVALUATION COMPUTED EVALUATION COMP	V DECHOUSE OUTPUT COMMUNICA	NUMI LUGUEL NUMI LUGUEL NUMI LUGUEL NUMI LUGUEL > Byte	EN CESCRPTION CHARTER CHARTE

Fig. 8.9: Configuration of the output log

Leuze

8.6 Configuration of the Ethernet interface

CMS 748i webConfig	CMS 748i webConfig			Leuze CMS			
PROCESS	SER'	VICE	ss 🧟 configuration	🐼 DIAGNOSIS	X MAINTENANCE	EN - 🛈 - 🛤	
NAVIGATION T Ethernet Host Ethernet GSDML file	¥ INTERNET		DETECTION EVALUATION		NICATION DEVICE	F DESCRIPTION IP address Minimum: 0.0.0 Maamum: 255.255.255 Standard: Standard: 192.168.60.101 Type: UNI32 (41) The IP address is used as a unique address to the device in the dvice in the device in the device in	
	MAC ar	tdress Activate DHCP ess isk	00.E0.53.14.88:C0 192 168 60 101 255 255 255 0			an IP network. It consists of 8 32 bit value that is subdivided into four 8 bit values each. These can each have a value of 0 to 255.	
		AME SERVICE	0 + 0 + 0 + 0				
	NTP SE	erver address erver name	0 0 0 0 0				
a / .	C [Planning enginee	đ			Hostin ∜p Hostout <	© 2016 Leuze electronic GmbH & Co. KG	

Fig. 8.10: Configuration of the Ethernet interface

CMS 748/ webConfig	Leuze CMS			Leuze electronic the sensor people	
	PROCES	s 🔗 configuration	🗞 diagnosis 🕺 Maintenance		
PROCESS	SERVICE Image: Constraint of the service of the se	DETECTION EVALUATION 0 ÷ ms 192.168.60.101 4976 ÷	OUTPUT COMMUNICATION DEVICE	EN + O	
0 🖌 🗗 Pia	M IX = RX		Hostini≪op Hostou	T ⁴ D © 2016 Leuze electronic GmbH & Co. KG	

Fig. 8.11: Configuration of the Ethernet host

8.7 Designation of the contour measurement system in the network

CMS 748i webConfig	7	Leuze CMS				Leuze electronic the series' people			
			C' PROCESS	36	CONFIGURATION	🐼 DIAGN	iosis 🕺	MAINTENANCE	
PROCESS		SERVICE		1	ອ 📕 🚽				EN - 🛈 - 🗖
NAVIGATION	Ŧ		Ъ.	•	8	•			# DESCRIPTION
			OVERVIEW	DETECTION	EVALUATION	001001	COMMUNICATION	DEVICE	
		Device name	Leuze CMS						
0 /	Pla	anning engineer]						HOST IN 🎝 HOST OUT	© 2016 Leuze electronic GmbH & Co. KG

Fig. 8.12: Designation of the contour measurement system

9 TCP/IP interface description

- TCP server
- Port (factory settings): 4967

Status byte

9.1 Device status

Tab. 9.1:

The *Device status* function is available in the configuration of the output formatting. The device status is output as a binary-encoded status byte.

Bit	Designation	Туре	Remark
0	System status OK	BOOL	TRUE = System OK
1	Sensors status OK	BOOL	TRUE = Sensors OK
2	Length sensor NOK	BOOL	TRUE = Sensor error: Length measurement
3	CML width NOK	BOOL	TRUE = Light curtain error: Width measurement
4	CML height NOK	BOOL	TRUE = Light curtain error: Height measurement
5	SystemReady- ForNextMeas	BOOL	TRUE = System ready for next measurement
6		BOOL	Reserved
7	Toggle bit	BOOL	Changeover after every sent message

9.2 Last error code

Information indicating whether an error has occurred in the system. Displays the last error that occurred (see chapter 9.4 "Error codes").

9.3 Online commands

Online commands are commands that can be sent to the system directly via the interface. The commands are evaluated and executed by the system provided a valid command is present.

Framing

The TCP input data is subject to the same framing that was also configured for the output data.

Standard framing: <STX>DATEN<ETX>

Unless specified separately, all commands respond with *Command=OK* as soon as the internal command processing is completed. This answer is also subject to the standard framing.

System activation

Command	+
Command (including standard framing)	<stx>+<etx></etx></stx>
Answer (including standard framing)	<stx>+=OK<etx></etx></stx>
Description	

System deactivation

Command	-
Command (including standard framing)	<stx>-<etx></etx></stx>
Answer (including standard framing)	<stx>-=OK<etx></etx></stx>
Description	

Data Reset

Command	DR
Command (including standard framing)	<stx>DR<etx></etx></stx>
Answer (including standard framing)	<stx>DR=OK<etx></etx></stx>
Description	Resets the output data of the host interface.
	Only affects data fields.
	 Status and error codes are not reset.
	• The internal object counter of the system is not affected; it continues with the next measure- ment as before.

Example:

Output before DR command:

<STX>00004,00300,00400,00050,+02,035,000<ETX>

Cyclic output following DR command: <STX>00000,00000,00000,00000,0035,000<ETX>

Output after the next measurement: <STX>00005,00300,00395,00050,000,035,000<ETX>

Delete error

Command	EC
Command (including standard framing)	<stx>EC<etx></etx></stx>
Answer (including standard framing)	<stx>EC=OK<etx></etx></stx>
Description	Confirms and deletes error messages or warnings that may be present in the system.

System software restart

Command	SRS
Command (including standard framing)	<stx>SRS<etx></etx></stx>
Answer (including standard framing)	<stx>SRS=OK<etx></etx></stx>
Description	Performs an internal reset of the system modules. The process lasts just a few seconds.
	 During the reset, no objects may be located in the measuring frame.
	 The process also resets the system's internal object counter. Following the reset, the object counter resumes with zero.

System hard restart

Command	SRH
Command (including standard framing)	<stx>SRH<etx></etx></stx>
Answer (including standard framing)	No answer Immediate system reset
Description	Performs a complete restart of the measurement system. This process lasts approximately 90 seconds.
	• During this time, the system performs no mea- surements and cannot be reached via either the host or the service interface.
	 During the reset, no objects may be located in the measuring frame.

Switching on the air wipe unit

Command	AP1
Command (including standard framing)	<stx>AP1<etx></etx></stx>
Answer (including standard framing)	<stx>AP1=OK<etx></etx></stx>
Description	Switches on the air wipe unit.

Switching off the air wipe unit

Command	AP0
Command (including standard framing)	<stx>AP0>ETX></stx>
Answer (including standard framing)	<stx>AP0=OK<etx></etx></stx>
Description	Switches off the air wipe unit.

9.4 Error codes

Value	Designation	Remark
000	Without error	System OK
001	General system error	General system error
002	General system error	Sensor error in the system
003	General communication er- ror	Communication is faulty
004	General measurement er- ror	Last measurement is invalid
005 019		Reserved
020	Length sensor error	General sensor error: length measurement
021	Communication error of the length sensor	Communication error of the sensor: Length measurement
022	Length sensor cleaning	Soiling on sensor: length measurement
023 029		Reserved
030	Width sensor error	General sensor error: width measurement
031	Communication error of the width sensor	Communication error of the sensor: Width measurement
032	Width sensor cleaning	Soiling on sensor: width measurement
033 039		Reserved
040	Height sensor error	General sensor error: height measurement
041	Communication error of the height sensor	Communication error of the sensor: height measurement
042	Height sensor cleaning	Soiling on sensor: height measurement
043 099		Reserved
100	Measurement dimension	Last measurement object was too small in at least one di- mension
101	Measurement plausibility	Raw data could not be correctly or fully evaluated
102 255		Reserved

10 Care, maintenance and disposal

Cleaning

If a sensor is dusty, clean the sensor with a soft, lint-free cloth; use a commercially available glass cleaner if necessary.

NOTICE



Do not use aggressive cleaning agents!

- - \Rightarrow Use of improper cleaning agents can damage the lens cover.

Firmware update

In general, the firmware can only be updated by Leuze customer service on-site, at the headquarters or via a remote maintenance connection.

With regard to firmware updates, contact your responsible Leuze subsidiary or Leuze customer service (see chapter 11 "Service and support").

Maintenance

The components of the contour measurement system do not normally require any maintenance by the operating company.

Repairs to the devices may only be performed by the manufacturer.

Solution Service (see chapter 11 "Service and support").

Disposing

✤ For disposal observe the applicable national regulations regarding electronic components.



11 Service and support

Service hotline

You can find the contact information for the hotline in your country on our website **www.leuze.com** under **Contact & Support**.

Repair service and returns

Defective devices are repaired in our service centers competently and quickly. We offer you an extensive service packet to keep any system downtimes to a minimum. Our service center requires the following information:

- Your customer number
- Product description or part description
- · Serial number and batch number
- · Reason for requesting support together with a description

Please register the merchandise concerned. Simply register return of the merchandise on our website **www.leuze.com** under **Contact & Support > Repair Service & Returns**.

To ensure quick and easy processing of your request, we will send you a returns order with the returns address in digital form.

Part no.	Article	Description
S991030	CS-KRS/AS	Product training – daily package Including travel and accommodation in Germany
S991017	CS-SSF/FR	Commissioning support – daily package Including travel and accommodation in Germany
S991037	CS-SST/HR	Remote maintenance/support via the technical hotline

12 Technical data

12.1 General specifications

Optical data

Operating range Guaranteed operating range	0.1 m 4.5 m
Operating range, transparent media Guaranteed operating range	0.1 m 1.75 m
Operating range limit Typical values	0.1 m 6 m
Beam spacing of the light curtains	5 mm (all measurement lengths ≤ 1200 mm)
	10 mm (at least one measurement length > 1200 mm)

Measurement data

Minimum object height	50 mm
Light curtain for length measurement	

Time behavior

Readiness delay	60 s
Response time per beam	10 µs

Process interface

Ethernet TCP/IP: Configuration of the contour measurement system

Controls and indicators

Tab. 12.1: Evaluation unit

Display	3 LEDs
Configuration	webConfig tool via integrated web server
	Teach-in of the light curtains
Operational controls	On/off switch

Tab. 12.2: Light curtain

Display	2 LEDs
	OLED display
Configuration	Via the evaluation unit
Operational controls	Membrane keyboard



Electrical data

Protective circuit	Polarity reversal protection
	Short circuit protection
	Transient protection
Supply voltage	Within UL validity: see UL label in the device switch cabinet
	Outside of UL validity: 100 263 V AC
Open-circuit current	250 mA
Inputs/outputs selectable	No
Number of switching inputs	4
Input current	3 mA per switching input
Switching voltage, inputs	-3 V 5 V DC (LOW)
	11 V 30 V DC (HIGH)
Number of switching outputs	4
Output current, maximum	100 mA per switching output channel
Switching voltage, outputs	24 V DC

Mechanical data

Tab. 12.3: Evaluation unit

Design	Cubic
Dimension (W x L x H) [mm]	380 x 380 x 210
Housing color/material	Metal/light gray
Net weight	12 kg
Fastening	4x bore holes Ø 12 mm on the rear side of the housing

Tab. 12.4: Light curtain - Length measurement

Design	Cubic
Dimension (W x H x L)	Measurement length 800 mm 29 mm x 35.4 mm x 875 mm
	Measurement length 960 mm 29 mm x 35.4 mm x 1035 mm
Housing color/material	Metal (aluminum)/gray
Lens cover material	Plastic
Net weight	Measurement length 800 mm 1000 g
	Measurement length 960 mm 1150 g
Fastening	Housing nut
	Mounting device BT-2P40
Overhang of light curtain to the frame for width and height measurement	≥ 15 mm

Tab. 12.5:Light curtain - Width measurement

Design	Cubic
Dimension (W x H x L)	Measurement length 480 mm 29 mm x 35.4 mm x 555 mm
	Measurement length 560 mm 29 mm x 35.4 mm x 635 mm
	Measurement length 640 mm 29 mm x 35.4 mm x 715 mm
Housing color/material	Metal (aluminum)/gray
Lens cover material	Plastic
Net weight	Measurement length 480 mm 700 g
	Measurement length 560 mm 800 g
	Measurement length 640 mm 850 g
Fastening	Housing nut
	Mounting device BT-2P40

Tab. 12.6: Light curtain - Height measurement

Design	Cubic
Dimension (W x H x L)	Measurement length 560 mm 29 mm x 35.4 mm x 635 mm
	Measurement length 640 mm 29 mm x 35.4 mm x 715 mm
	Measurement length 720 mm 29 mm x 35.4 mm x 795 mm
Housing color/material	Metal (aluminum)/gray
Lens cover material	Plastic
Net weight	Measurement length 560 mm 800 g
	Measurement length 640 mm 850 g
	Measurement length 720 mm 950 g
Fastening	Housing nut
	Mounting device BT-2P40

Environmental conditions

Operating temperature	0 °C +45 °C
Storage temperature	-20 °C +70 °C

12.2 Connections of the evaluation unit

Plug outlet: axial



1 Voltage supply

- 2 Grounding bolts
- 3 M12 Ethernet connection
- 4 3x interfaces for CML 730 light curtains (CML1 ... CML3) 1x interface for rotary encoder (ENCODER)
- 5 2x M12 sockets, each with 2 switching inputs (DI 1, DI 2) 2x M12 sockets, each with 2 switching outputs (DO 1, DO 2)
- 6 PROFINET fieldbus interface (FB In, FB Out)
- Fig. 12.1: Connections of the evaluation unit
- Tab. 12.7: Grounding bolts

Function	Ground connection
Material	Metal

Tab. 12.8: Voltage supply

Type of connection	Harting connector, 4-pin
	Material: metal
Function	Voltage supply

Tab. 12.9: ETH1

Type of connection	M12 connector, 4-pin
	Material: metal
Function	External Ethernet TCP/IP connection
Pin assignment	Pin 1: TD+
	Pin 2: RD+
	Pin 3: TD-
	Pin 4: RD-



Tab. 12.10: CML1

Type of connection	M12 connector, 8-pin, A-coded
	Material: metal
Function	Light curtain connection for length measurement Not in combination with rotary encoder
Pin assignment	Pin 1: V+
	Pin 2: IO1
	Pin 3: GND
	Pin 4: IO-Link
	Pin 5: IO2
	Pin 6: IO3
	Pin 7: IO4
	Pin 8: GND

Tab. 12.11: CML2

Type of connection	M12 connector, 8-pin
	Material: metal
Function	Light curtain connection for width measurement
Pin assignment	Pin 1: V+
	Pin 2: IO1
	Pin 3: GND
	Pin 4: IO-Link
	Pin 5: IO2
	Pin 6: IO3
	Pin 7: IO4
	Pin 8: GND

Tab. 12.12: CML3

Type of connection	M12 connector, 8-pin
	Material: metal
Function	Light curtain connection for height measurement
Pin assignment	Pin 1: V+
	Pin 2: IO1
	Pin 3: GND
	Pin 4: IO-Link
	Pin 5: IO2
	Pin 6: IO3
	Pin 7: IO4
	Pin 8: GND



Tab. 12.13: ENCODER

Type of connection	M12 connector, 8-pin
	Material: metal
Function	Rotary encoder connection Not in combination with length measuring light cur- tain
Pin assignment	Pin 1: GND
	Pin 2: +U
	Pin 3: A
	Pin 4: B
	Pin 5: N
	Pin 6: A inv.
	Pin 7: B inv.
	Pin 8: N inv.

Tab. 12.14: FB In

Type of connection	M12 connector, 4-pin
	Material: metal
Function	PROFINET IN connection (optional)
Pin assignment	Pin 1: TD+
	Pin 2: RD+
	Pin 3: TD-
	Pin 4: RD-

Tab. 12.15: FB Out

Type of connection	M12 connector, 4-pin
	Material: metal
Function	PROFINET OUT connection (optional)
Pin assignment	Pin 1: TD+
	Pin 2: RD+
	Pin 3: TD-
	Pin 4: RD-



Tab. 12.16: DI 1/DI 2

Type of connection	M12 connector, 5-pin
	Material: metal
Function	Switching input connection
DI 1 pin assignment	Pin 1: 24 V
	Pin 2: DI (DataBypass Start)
	Pin 3: 0 V
	Pin 4: NC
	Pin 5: NC
DI 2 pin assignment	Pin 1: 24 V
	Pin 2: DI (DataBypass Stopp)
	Pin 3: 0 V
	Pin 4: NC
	Pin 5: NC

Tab. 12.17: DO 1/DO 2

Type of connection	M12 connector, 5-pin
	Material: metal
Function	Switching output connection
Pin assignment	Pin 1: 24 V
	Pin 2: DO
	Pin 3: 0 V
	Pin 4: DO
	Pin 5: NC

13 Order guide and accessories

13.1 Part number code

CMS 7bbi-xxxx-yyyy-zzzz

CMS	Contour measurement system
7	Series: CMS 700
bb	Interface:
	08: Ethernet
	48: PROFINET
i	Integrated interface
xxxx	Measurement field length 1 in [mm]:
	0160 2880
	ENC1: Rotary encoder version
уууу	Measurement field length 2 in [mm]:
	0160 … 1200 (with 5 mm beam spacing)
	0160 2400 (with 10 mm beam spacing)
ZZZZ	Measurement field length 3 in [mm]:
	0160 1200 (with 5 mm beam spacing)
	0160 2400 (with 10 mm beam spacing)

13.2 Scope of delivery

Position	Component	Quantity
1	Evaluation unit	1
2	CML 730 light curtain for length measurement Transmitter and receiver	1
3	CML 730 light curtain for width measurement Transmitter and receiver	1
4	CML 730 light curtain for height measurement Transmitter and receiver	1
5	Mounting set for height and width light curtain	4
6	Mounting set for length light curtain	2
7	Light curtain connection cable	3
8	Light curtain synchronization cable	3

13.3 System components

Component	Part no.
Evaluation unit (LSC-Box) PROFINET interface (CMS 748i)	50122123
Evaluation unit (LSC-Box) Ethernet interface (CMS 708i)	50134665
CML 730 light curtain for length measurement	Transmitter: 50118923
Measurement length 960 mm, beam spacing/resolution 5 mm	Receiver: 50119141
CML 730 light curtain for length measurement	Transmitter: 50118921
Measurement length 800 mm, beam spacing/resolution 5 mm	Receiver: 50119139

Component	Part no.
CML 730 light curtain for height measurement Measurement length 720 mm, beam spacing/resolution 5 mm	Transmitter: 50118920
	Receiver: 50119138
CML 730 light curtain for width measurement	Transmitter: 50118919
Measurement length 640 mm, beam spacing/resolution 5 mm	Receiver: 50119137
CML 730 light curtain for width measurement Measurement length 560 mm, beam spacing/resolution 5 mm	Transmitter: 50118918
	Receiver: 50119135
CML 730 light curtain for width measurement	Transmitter: 50118917
Measurement length 480 mm, beam spacing/resolution 5 mm	Receiver: 50119135
Mounting set for light curtain BT-2P40	424417
Light curtain connection cable 5 m	50135146
Light curtain synchronization cable	50114698

13.4 Accessories

Mounting frame

Part no.	Article	Description
50142039	BT 712M-MRSET	Frame height: 2000 mm
		Inner width of frame: 1200 mm
50143669	BT 710M-MRSET	Frame height: 2000 mm
		Inner width of frame: 1000 mm
50143670	BT 708M-MRSET	Frame height: 2000 mm
		Inner width of frame: 800 mm
50143671	BT 70EM-MRSET	Rotary encoder kit for mounting frame

Bus connection cable (Ethernet or PROFINET)

Part no.	Article	Description	
M12 connector fo	M12 connector for BUS, axial cable outlet, open cable end		
50135073	KS ET-M12-4A-P7-020	Connection cable, length 2 m	
50135074	KS ET-M12-4A-P7-050	Connection cable, length 5 m	
50135075	KS ET-M12-4A-P7-100	Connection cable, length 10 m	
50135076	KS ET-M12-4A-P7-150	Connection cable, length 15 m	
50135077	KS ET-M12-4A-P7-300	Connection cable, length 2 m	
M12 connector for BUS, to RJ-45 connector			
50135080	KSS ET-M12-4A-RJ45-A-P7-020	Interconnection cable RJ45, 2 m	
50135081	KSS ET-M12-4A-RJ45-A-P7-050	Interconnection cable RJ45, 5 m	
50135082	KSS ET-M12-4A-RJ45-A-P7-100	Interconnection cable RJ45, 10 m	
50135083	KSS ET-M12-4A-RJ45-A-P7-150	Interconnection cable RJ45, 15 m	
50135084	KSS ET-M12-4A-RJ45-A-P7-300	Interconnection cable RJ45, 30 m	



14 EC Declaration of Conformity

The contour measurement systems of the CMS 700 series have been developed and manufactured in accordance with the applicable European standards and directives.

The manufacturer of the product, **Leuze electronic GmbH + Co. KG** in D-73277 Owen, possesses a certified quality assurance system in accordance with ISO 9001.

